The characteristics of a climax community are:

- 1. The climax community is able to tolerate its own reaction.
- 2. It tends to be mesic (medium moisture content) rather than xeric (dry) or hydric (wet).
- 3. The climax community is more highly organised.
- 4. The climax community with its more complex organisation has large number of species and more niches.
- 5. The organisms of earlier successional stages tend to be smaller, shorter-lived with a higher biotic potential (r-selected). In contrast, the species of climax community tend to be relatively large, long lived and with a low biotic potential (K-selected).
- 6. In climax community, energy is at a steady state (net primary production is zero), whereas, in immature stage of succession, gross primary production tends to be greater than community respiration, signifying accumulation of energy.
- 7. Immature ecosystems are temporary while in climax community the stability is high.
- 8. Climax communities show less broader changes and are more resistant to invasions than immature ecosystems.